Boyne Island Regional Park Management Statement

Park purpose

Boyne Island Regional Park was formally gazetted as Boyne Island Environmental Park in 1990 under the Land Act 1962. At that time, there was a Trustee Agreement with Calliope Shire Council. In 1994 the environmental park was gazetted to Boyne Island Conservation Park under the Nature Conservation Act 1992. No park specific purpose was identified as part of the gazettal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Park size</th>
<th>43.9ha</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bioregion</td>
<td>South East Queensland</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local government area</td>
<td>Gladstone Regional Council</td>
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<td>State electorate</td>
<td>Gladstone</td>
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<tr>
<td>QPWS region</td>
<td>Central</td>
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<td>Year prepared: 2015</td>
<td>Review date: 2025</td>
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Strategic direction for park management

Based on an evaluation of its natural, cultural and presentation values, Boyne Island Regional Park has been assessed as having a medium priority for management. The park will be managed according to this priority rating.

Park management will be based on the best available local knowledge, professional judgement and anecdotal information. The medium level means that it will receive a minimum of quarterly routine inspections with occasional planned visits where issues have been identified. The focus is largely expected to be on natural resource management involving a proactive management effort at a moderate level to understand or protect known natural values.

Cultural values will be managed proactively to protect the values known to Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service, (QPWS). Ongoing consultation, collaboration and relationships with Traditional Owners and other Indigenous stakeholders will be undertaken as required to support broader continuing park management programs.

This park currently has medium levels of visitor use and provides a few relatively undeveloped visitor sites. Visitors are unlikely to encounter a ranger on site during their visit. Current and future recreational opportunities will require that visitors have a high level of self-sufficiency. A moderate level of infrastructure is provided to support safe and sustainable use by predominantly self-reliant visitors.

Public consultation on park management will be undertaken through ongoing local consultations with community stakeholders to support broad continuing management programs.

Park assets are functional and robust and require limited maintenance protect the natural and cultural values and management capacity.

General park values, uses and management

Regional ecosystems

Boyne Island Regional Park protects one regional ecosystem which has the biodiversity status of no concern at present.

Species of conservation significance

There are currently no records of species of conservation significance on Queensland Government wildlife databases for this park.
Cultural heritage
All protected areas are recognised as cultural landscapes and Aboriginal people see themselves as inextricably linked to country, both spiritually and physically. Although cultural records on physical artefacts and sites of spiritual significance are not well documented for this area, all proposed activities need to meet duty of care requirements under the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003. Non-indigenous historic places will be managed in accordance with the Queensland Heritage Act 1992.

Priorities for park management
The priorities for park management will be fire and pest management. Management actions will be undertaken which aim to ensure:

- life and property on and adjacent to the park are protected
- fire is managed to conserve or maintain the condition of regional ecosystem through the application of planned burn guidelines
- pest threats are managed to conserve or maintain the condition of the regional ecosystem.